[117H9157]

(Original Signature of Member)
118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H. R.
To define the dollar as a fixed weight of gold, and for other purposes.
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Mr. Mooney introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on
A BILL
To define the dollar as a fixed weight of gold, and for other purposes.
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4 This Act may be cited as the "Gold Standard Res-
5 toration Act".
6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
7 Congress finds the following:
8 (1) The Federal reserve note has lost more than
9 40 percent of its purchasing power since 2000, and

1	97 percent of its purchasing power since the passage
2	of the Federal Reserve Act in 1913.
3	(2) Under the 2 percent inflation objective of
4	the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-
5	tem (in this Act hereafter referred to as the "Fed-
6	eral Reserve"), the dollar loses half of its purchasing
7	power every generation, or 35 years.
8	(3) At times, including 2021 and 2022, Federal
9	Reserve actions helped create inflation rates of 8
10	percent or higher, increasing the cost of living for
11	many Americans to untenable levels.
12	(4) American families need long-term price sta-
13	bility to meet their household spending needs, save
14	money, and plan for retirement.
15	(5) The Federal Reserve policy of long-term in-
16	flation has made American manufacturing uncom-
17	petitive, raising the cost of United States manufac-
18	tured goods by more than 40 percent since 2000,
19	compared to less than 20 percent in Germany and
20	France.
21	(6) Since 2000, United States manufacturing
22	employment has declined by at least 25 percent after
23	having remained steady at nearly 18,000,000 jobs
24	for more than 30 years.

	o e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
1	(7) The American economy needs a stable dol-
2	lar, fixed exchange rates, and money supply con-
3	trolled by the market not the government.
4	(8) The gold standard puts control of the
5	money supply with the market instead of the Fed-
6	eral Reserve, discourages excessive deficit spending,
7	and encourages the balancing of Federal budgets.
8	(9) The gold standard means legal tender de-
9	fined by and convertible into a certain quantity of
10	gold.
11	(10) Under the gold standard through 1913 the
12	United States economy grew at an annual average of
13	four percent, one-third larger than the growth rate
14	since then and twice the level since 2000.
15	(11) The Federal Reserve's trickle down policy
16	of expanding the money supply has primarily en-
17	riched the owners of financial assets while it has en-
18	dangered the jobs, wages, and savings of blue-collar
19	workers.
20	(12) Restoring American middle-class pros-
21	perity requires change in monetary policy authorized
22	to Congress in Article I, Section 8, Clause 5 of the
23	Constitution.

1	SEC. 3. DEFINE THE FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE DOLLAR IN
2	TERMS OF GOLD.
3	Not later than the date that is 24 months after the
4	date of the enactment of this Act—
5	(1) the Secretary of the Treasury (in this Act
6	hereafter referred to as the "Secretary") shall define
7	the Federal reserve note dollar in terms of a fixed
8	weight of gold, based on that day's closing market
9	price of gold;
10	(2) Federal reserve banks shall make Federal
11	reserve notes redeemable for and exchangeable with
12	gold at the fixed price determined under paragraph
13	(1) and create processes that facilitate such redemp-
14	tions and exchanges between member banks and the
15	public; and
16	(3) if a Federal reserve bank does not fulfill its
17	duties under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall
18	make the redemption or exchange as guarantor and
19	place a corresponding first and paramount lien on
20	all assets of such bank.
21	SEC. 4. DISCLOSURE OF HOLDINGS.
22	To enable the market and market participants to ar-
23	rive at the fixed Federal Reserve note dollar-gold parity
24	in an orderly fashion, during the 24-month period fol-
25	lowing the date of enactment of this Act—

1	(1) the Secretary and the Federal Reserve shall
2	each make publicly available, in both electronic and
3	published format, all holdings of gold, with a report
4	of any purchases, sales, swaps, leases, and any other
5	financial transactions involving gold, since the tem-
6	porary suspension in August 15, 1971, of gold
7	redeemability obligations under the Bretton Woods
8	Agreement of 1944; and
9	(2) the Secretary and the Federal Reserve shall
10	make publicly available, in both electronic and pub-
11	lished formats, all records pertaining to redemptions
12	and transfers of United States gold in the 10 years
13	preceding the temporary suspension in August 15,
14	1971, of gold redeemability obligations under the
15	Bretton Woods Agreement of 1944.